

# Effective Microservices in a Data-centric World

Randy Shoup

@randyshoup

[linkedin.com/in/randyshoup](https://www.linkedin.com/in/randyshoup)



# Background

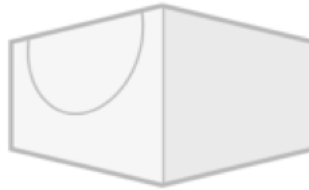
- VP Engineering at Stitch Fix
  - Revolutionizing retail by combining “Art and Science”
- Consulting “CTO as a service”
  - Helping companies scale their organizations and technology
- Director of Engineering for Google App Engine
  - World’s largest Platform-as-a-Service
- Chief Engineer at eBay
  - Multiple generations of eBay’s infrastructure



# Stitch Fix



Create Your Style Profile.



Get Five Hand-picked Items.

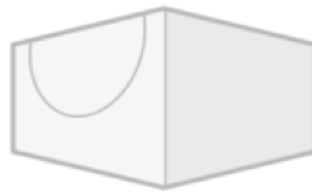


Keep What You Like.  
Send Back the Rest.

# Stitch Fix



Create Your Style Profile.



Get Five Hand-picked Items.



Keep What You Like.  
Send Back the Rest.

How do you prefer clothes to fit the top half of your body?

- ✓ Mostly Tight / Form Fitting
- Prefer Fitted / Showing my Figure
- Straight**
- Mostly Loose
- Oversized

How do you prefer clothes to fit the bottom half of your body?

Pants

can waist



Skirts



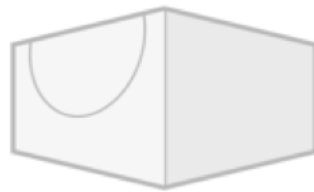
L



# Stitch Fix



Create Your Style Profile.



Get Five Hand-picked Items.



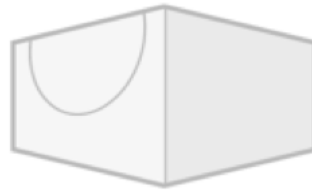
Keep What You Like.  
Send Back the Rest.



# Stitch Fix



Create Your Style Profile.



Get Five Hand-picked Items.



Keep What You Like.  
Send Back the Rest.



# Combining Art and [Data] Science

- 1:1 Ratio of Data Science to Engineering
  - >70 software engineers
  - >70 data scientists and algorithm developers
  - Unique in our industry?
- Apply intelligence to \*every\* part of the business
  - Buying
  - Inventory management
  - Logistics optimization
  - Styling recommendations
  - Demand prediction
- Humans and machines augmenting each other



# Styling at Stitch Fix

Inventory

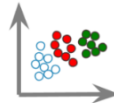
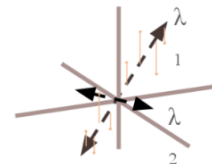
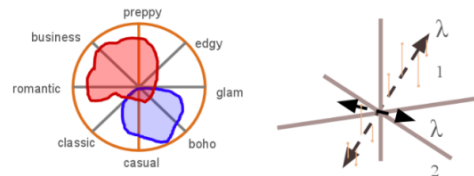


Personal styling



# Personalized Recommendations

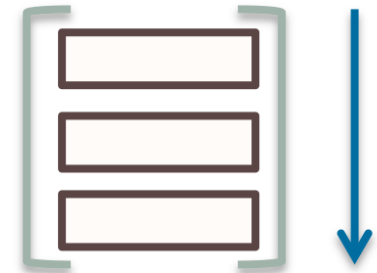
Inventory



$$L_N = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & & & 0 \\ & \ddots & & \\ & & 1 & \\ 0 & & l_{N+1,N} & \ddots \\ & & \vdots & l_{N,N} & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

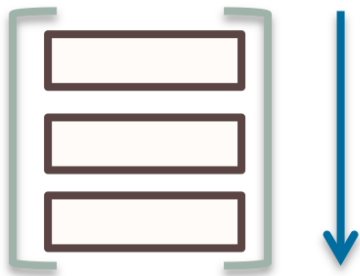
Machine learning

Algorithmic recommendations

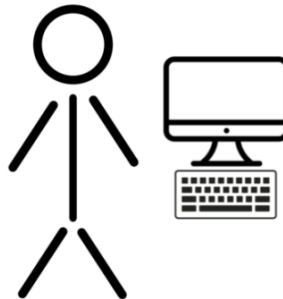


# Expert Human Curation

Algorithmic  
recommendations



Human  
curation



How do we work, and why  
does it work?

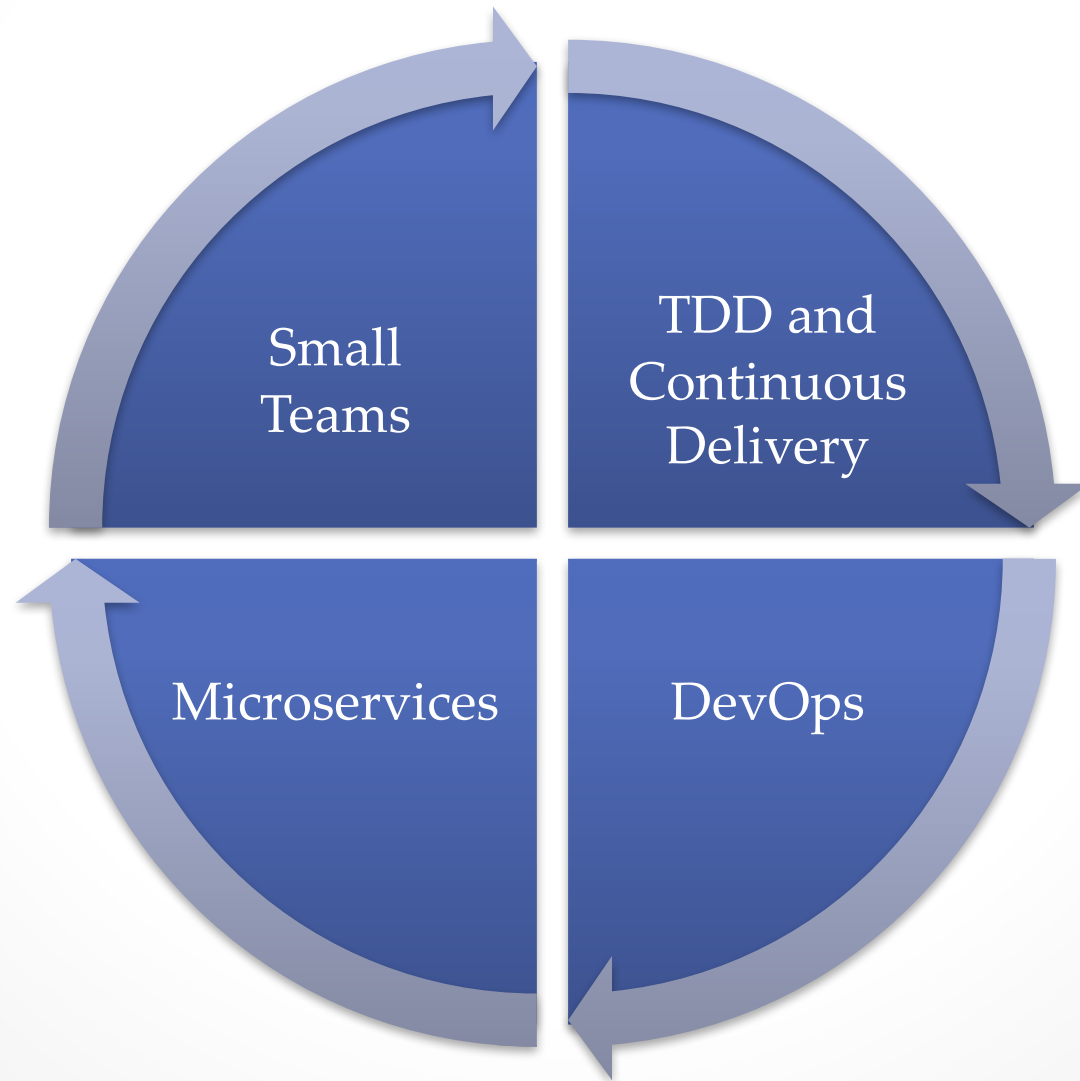


# Modern Software Development

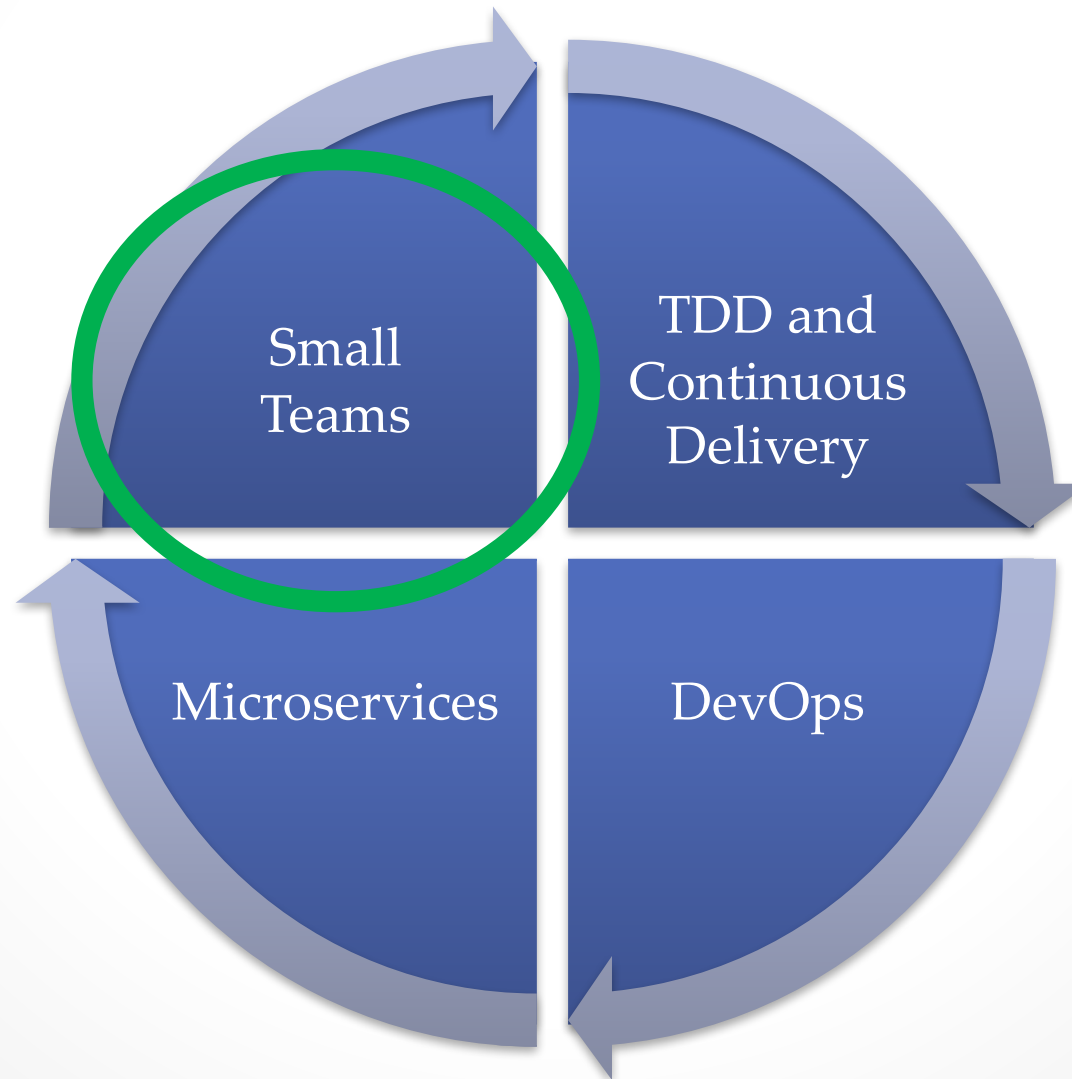




# Modern Software Development



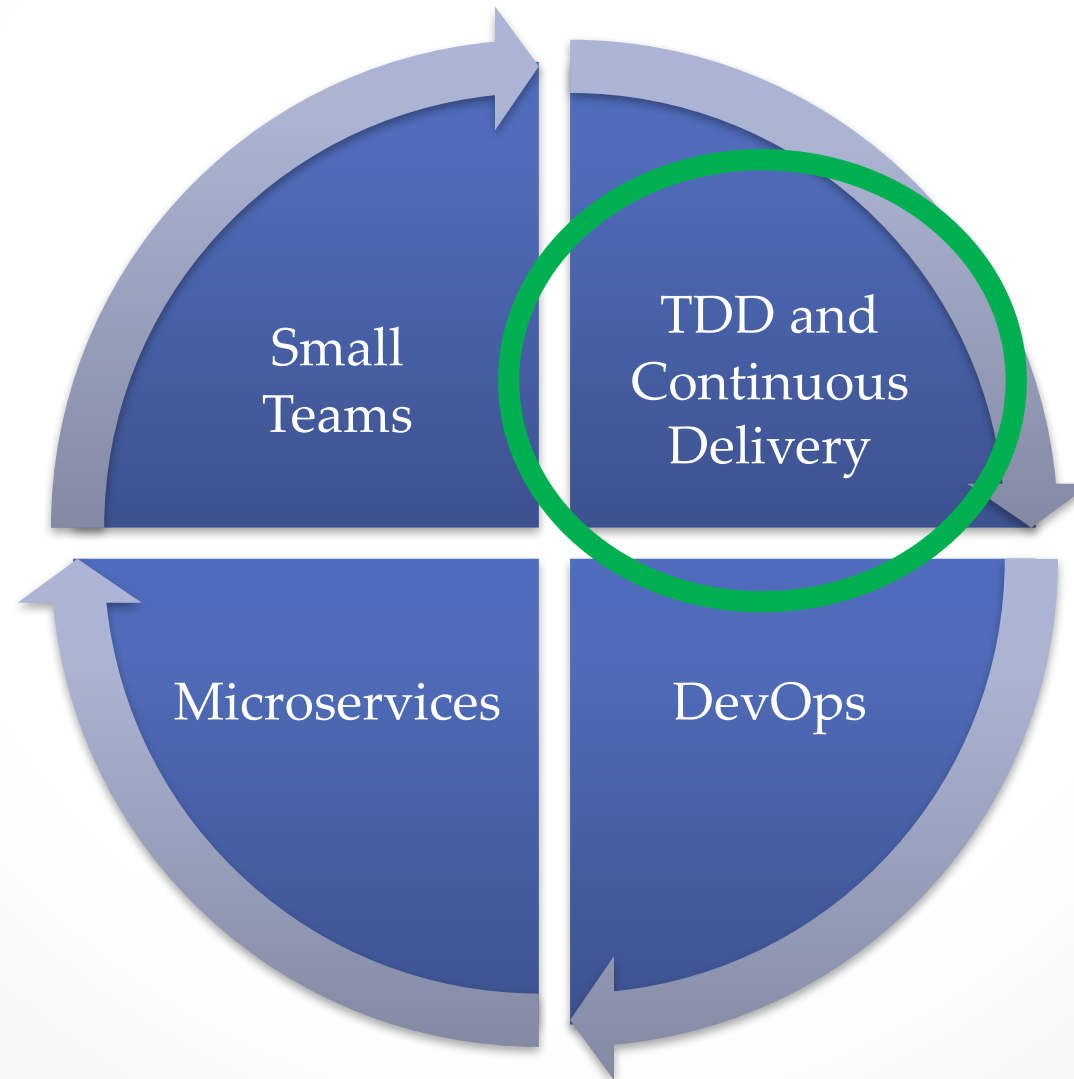
# Modern Software Development



# Small “Service” Teams

- Teams Aligned to Domains
  - Clear, well-defined area of responsibility
  - Single service or set of related services
- Cross-functional Teams
  - Team has inside it all skill sets needed to do the job
- Depend on other teams for supporting services, libraries, and tools

# Modern Software Development



# Test-Driven Development

- Tests help you go faster
  - Tests “have your back”
  - Development velocity
- Tests make better code
  - Confidence to break things
  - Confidence to refactor
- Tests make better systems
  - Catch bugs earlier, fail faster

# Test-Driven Development

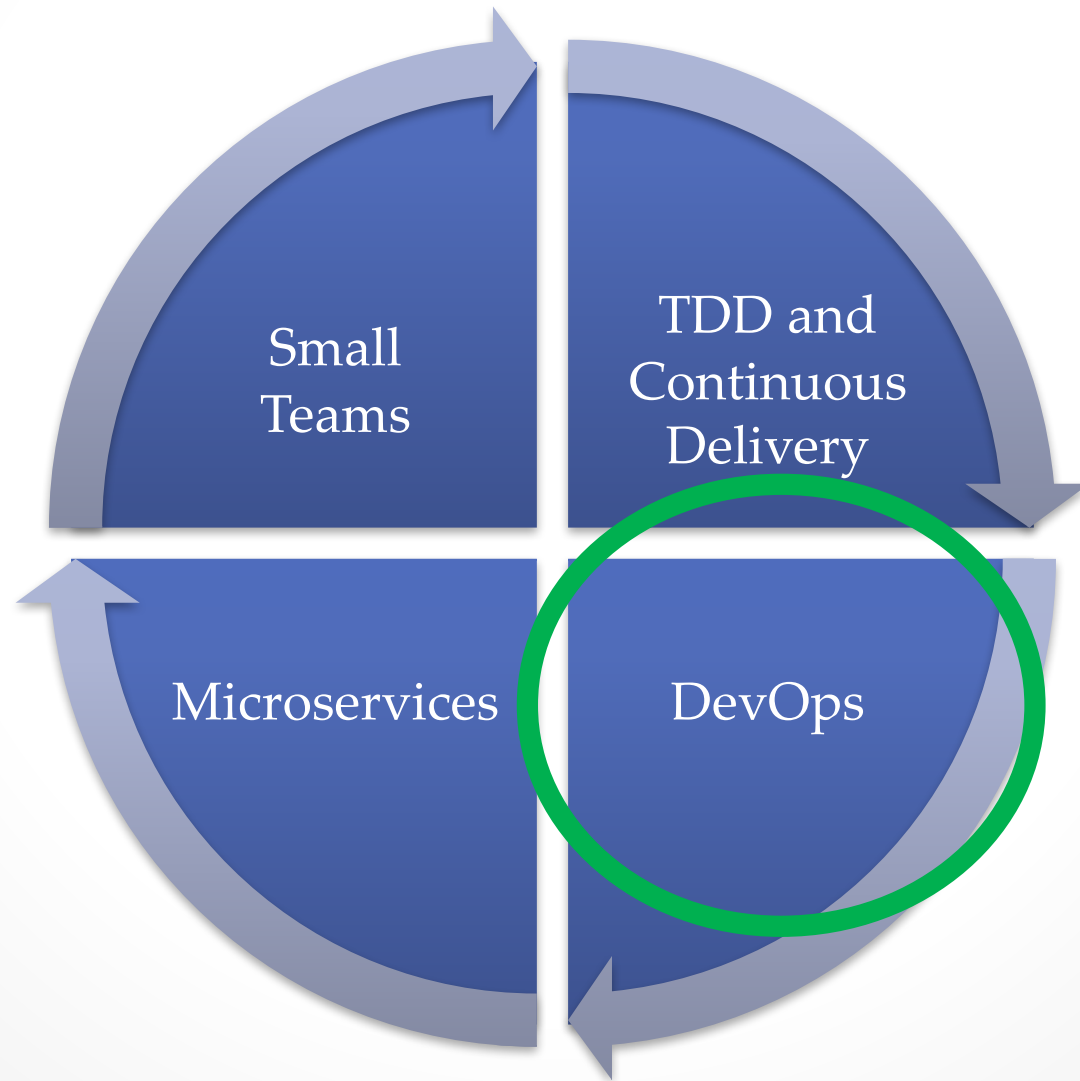
- “Don’t have time to do it right” ?
  - WRONG ☺ – Don’t have time to do it twice (!)
- Do it right (enough) the first time
  - The more constrained you are on time and resources, the more important it is to build solid features
  - Right != perfect
- ➔ Basically no bug tracking system (!)
  - Bugs are fixed as they come up
  - Backlog contains features we want to build
  - Backlog contains technical debt we want to repay

# Continuous Delivery

- Most applications deployed multiple times per day
- More solid systems
  - Release smaller units of work
  - Faster to repair, easier to diagnose
  - Smaller changes to roll back or roll forward
- Enables experimentation
  - Small experiments and rapid iteration are cheap



# Modern Software Development



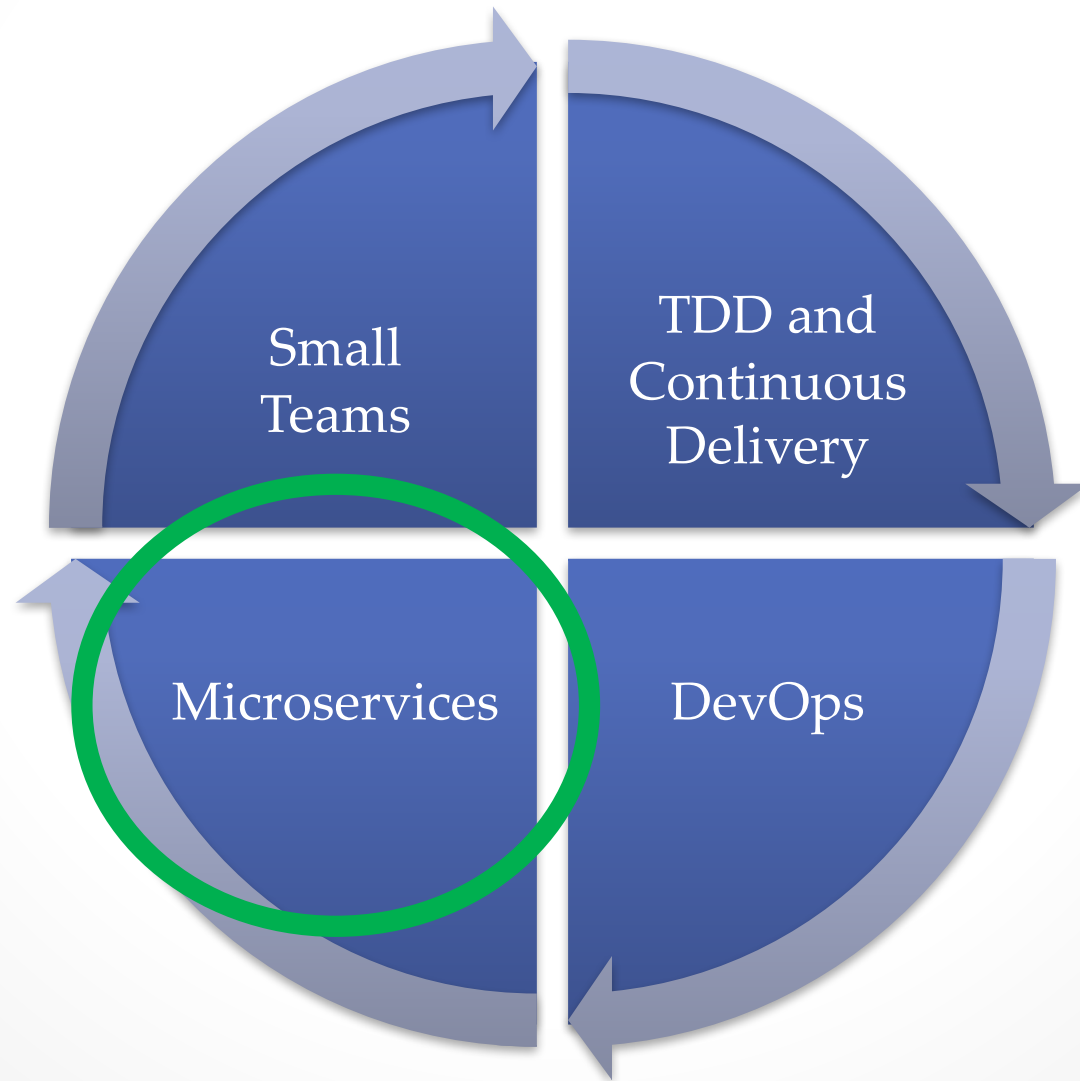


# DevOps

- End-to-end Ownership
  - Team owns service from design to deployment to retirement
- Responsible for
  - Features
  - Quality
  - Performance
  - Operations
  - Maintenance
- “You build it, you run it!”



# Modern Software Development



# Architecture Evolution

- eBay

- 5<sup>th</sup> generation today
- Monolithic Perl → Monolithic C++ → Java → microservices

- Twitter

- 3<sup>rd</sup> generation today
- Monolithic Rails → JS / Rails / Scala → microservices

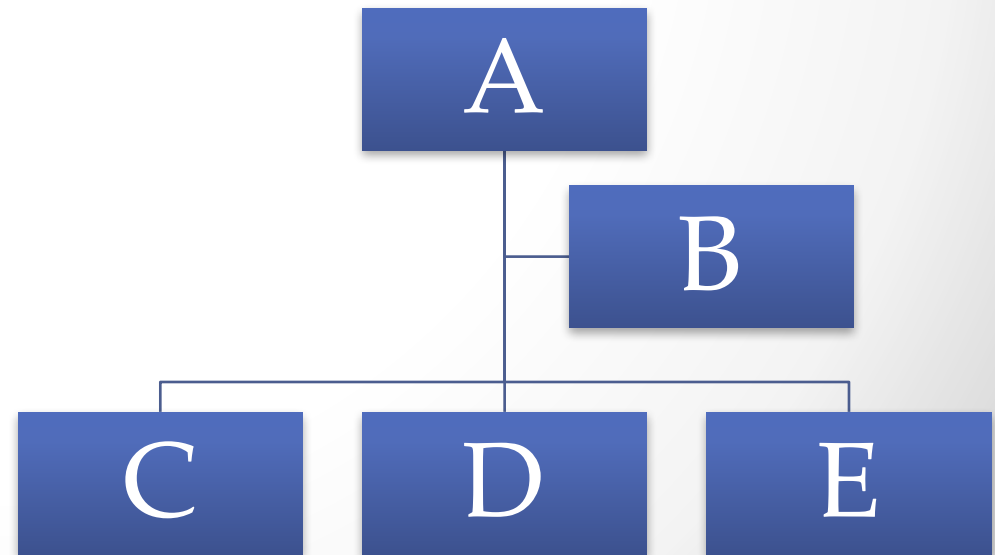
- Amazon

- Nth generation today
- Monolithic Perl / C++ → Java / Scala → microservices



# Microservices

- Single-purpose
- Simple, well-defined interface
- Modular and independent

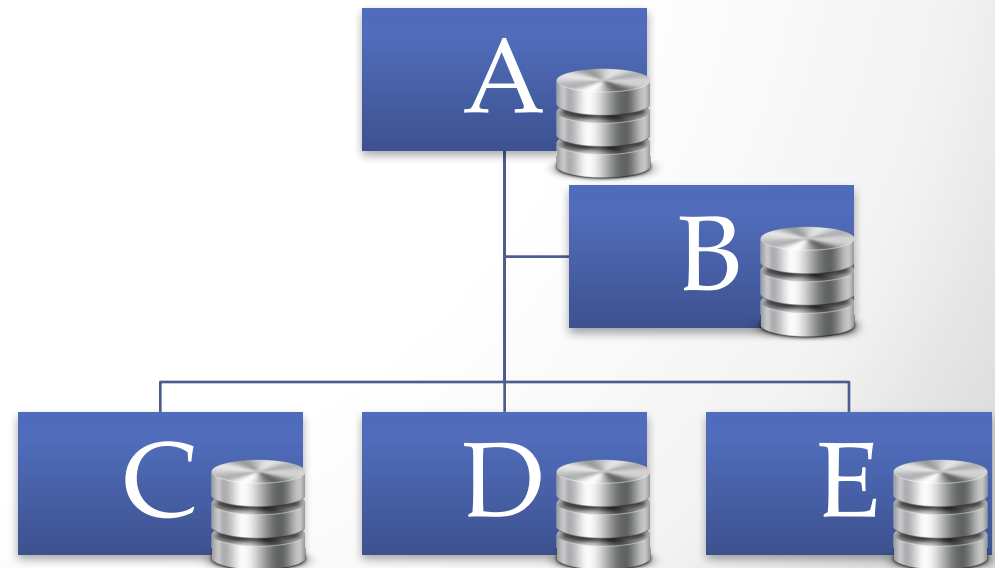


Microservices are nothing  
more than SOA done properly.

-- me

# Microservices

- Single-purpose
- Simple, well-defined interface
- Modular and independent
- **Isolated persistence (!)**



# Microservice Persistence

- Approach 1: Operate your own data store
  - Store to your own instance(s) of {Postgres, MySQL, etc.}, owned and operated by the service team
- Approach 2: Use a persistence service
  - Store to your own table(s) in {Dynamo, RDS, Spanner, etc.}, operated as a service by another team or by a third-party provider
  - Isolated from all other users of the service
- ➔ Only external access to data store is through published service interface

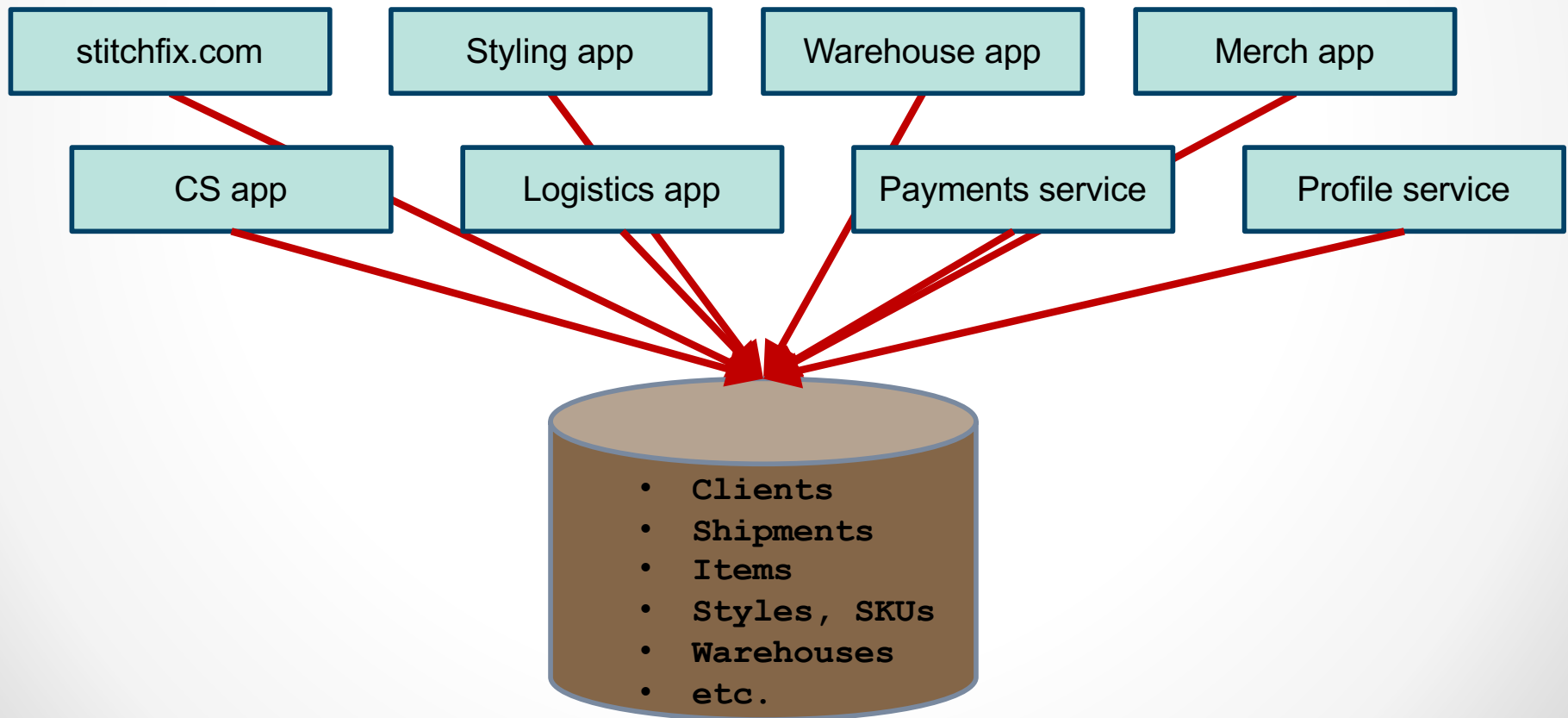
# Maintaining Interface Stability

- Backward / forward compatibility of interfaces
  - Can *\*never\** break your clients' code
- Semantic versioning (*major.minor.patch*)
  - Often multiple interface versions
  - Sometimes multiple deployments
- Explicit deprecation policy
  - Strong incentive to wean customers off old versions (!)



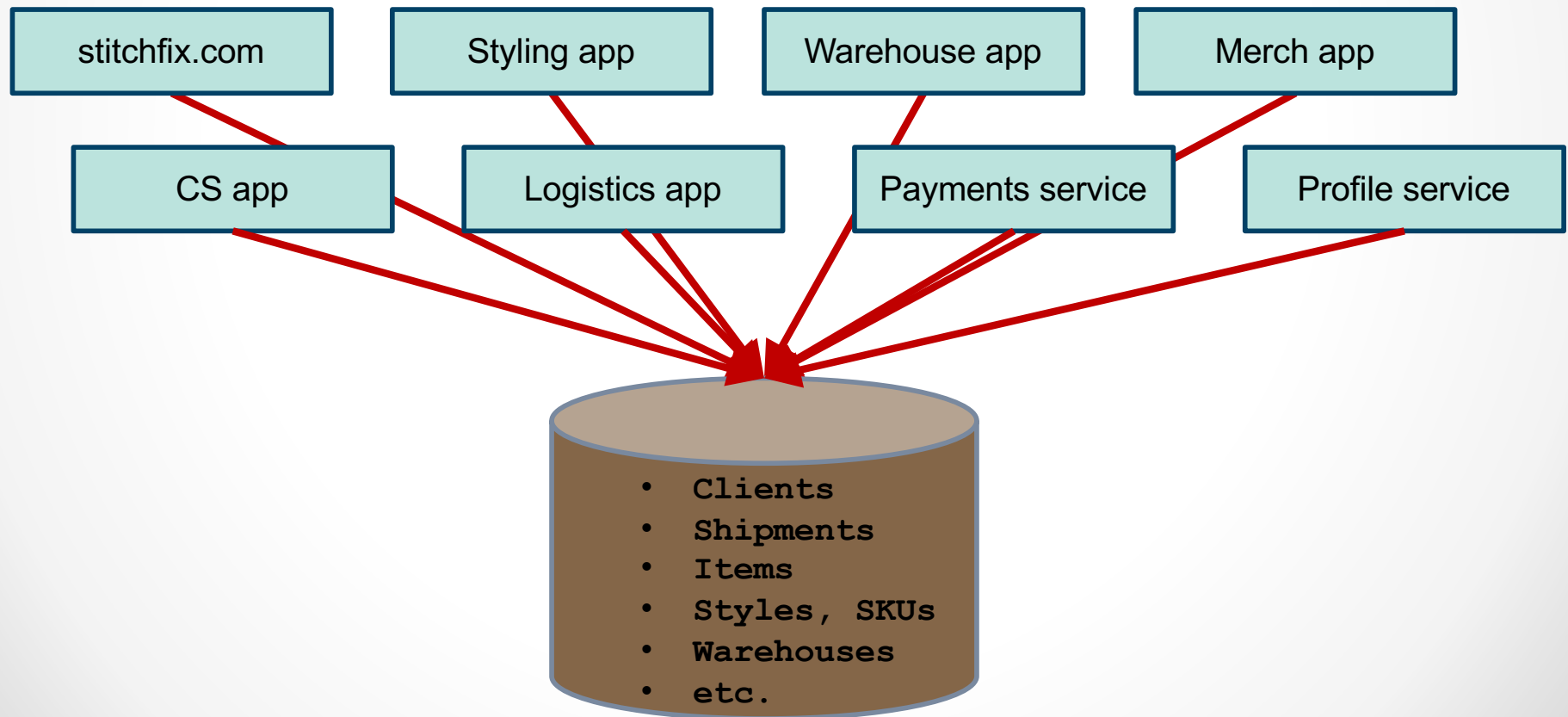
# Extracting Microservices

- Problem: Monolithic shared DB



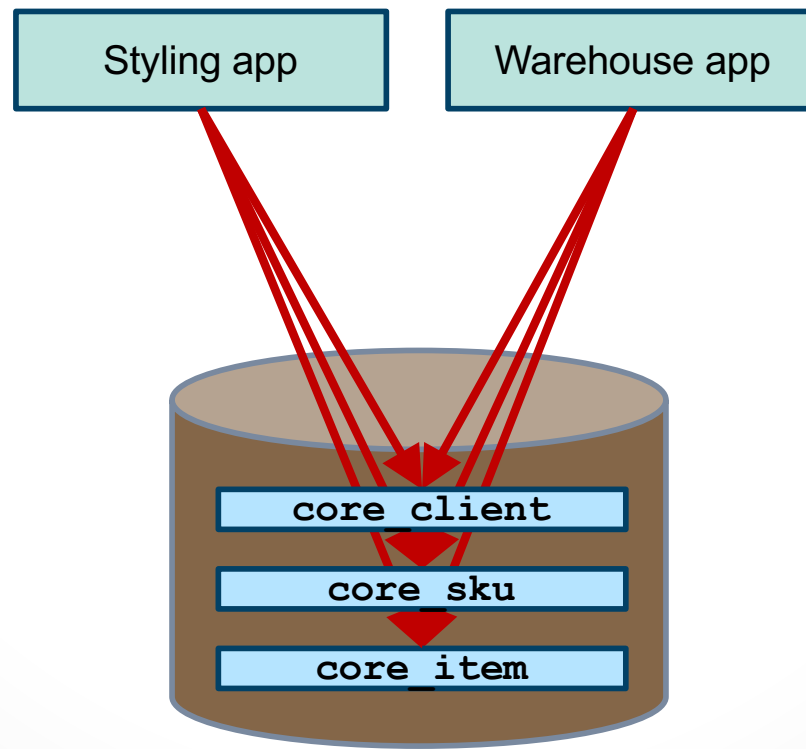
# Extracting Microservices

- Decouple applications / services from shared DB



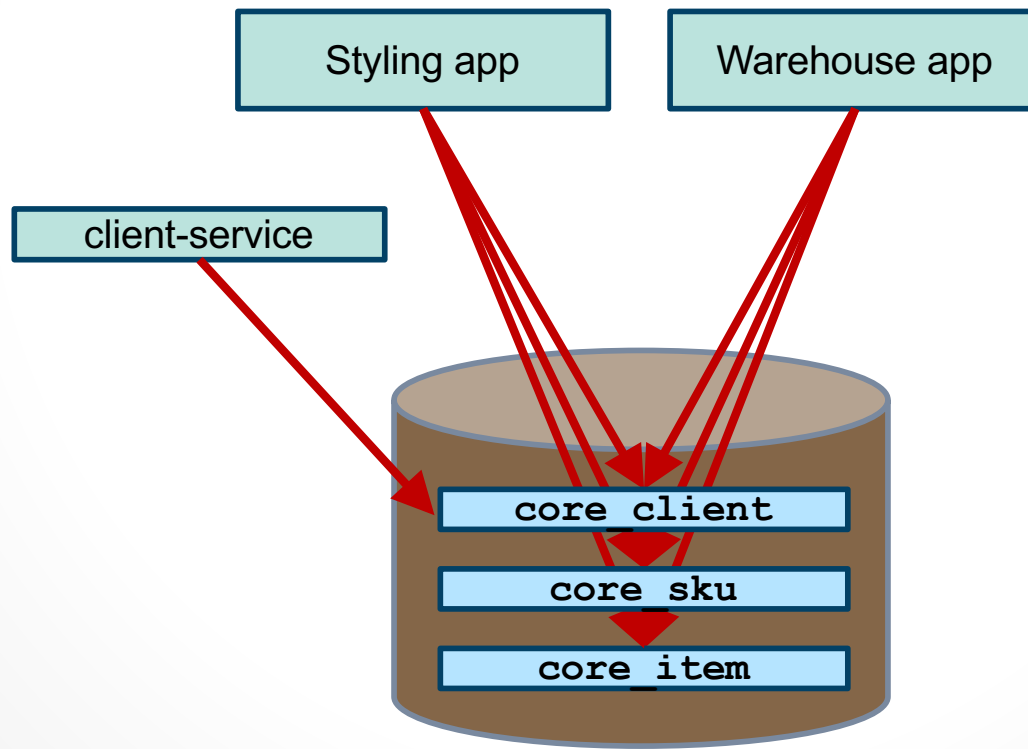
# Extracting Microservices

- Decouple applications / services from shared DB



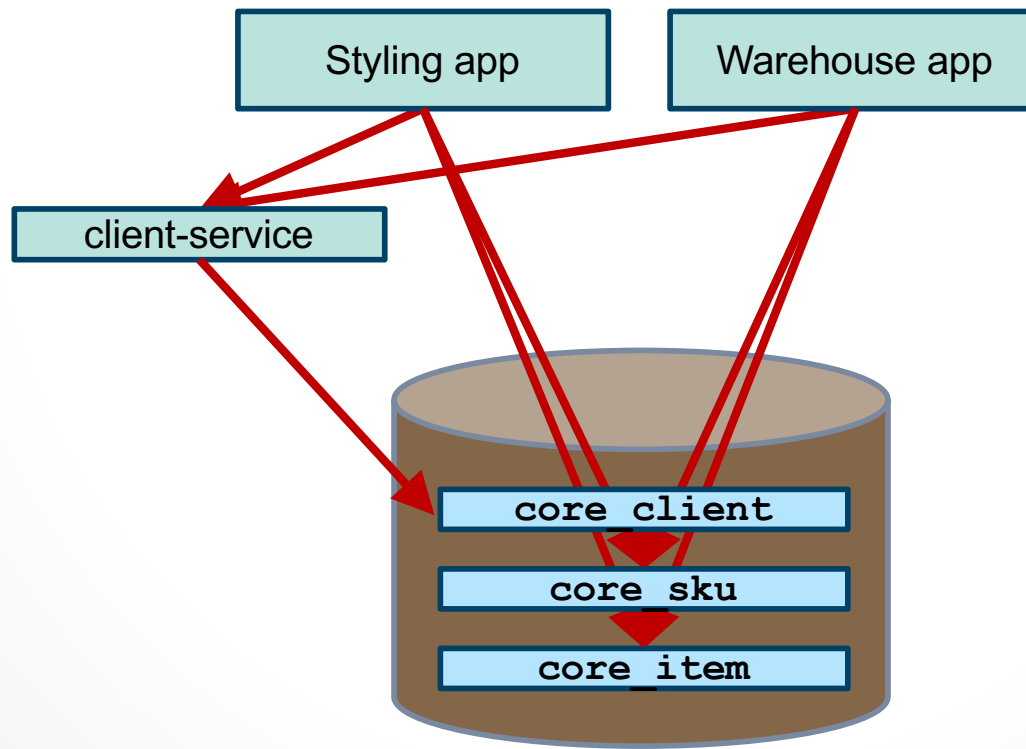
# Extracting Microservices

- Step 1: Create a service



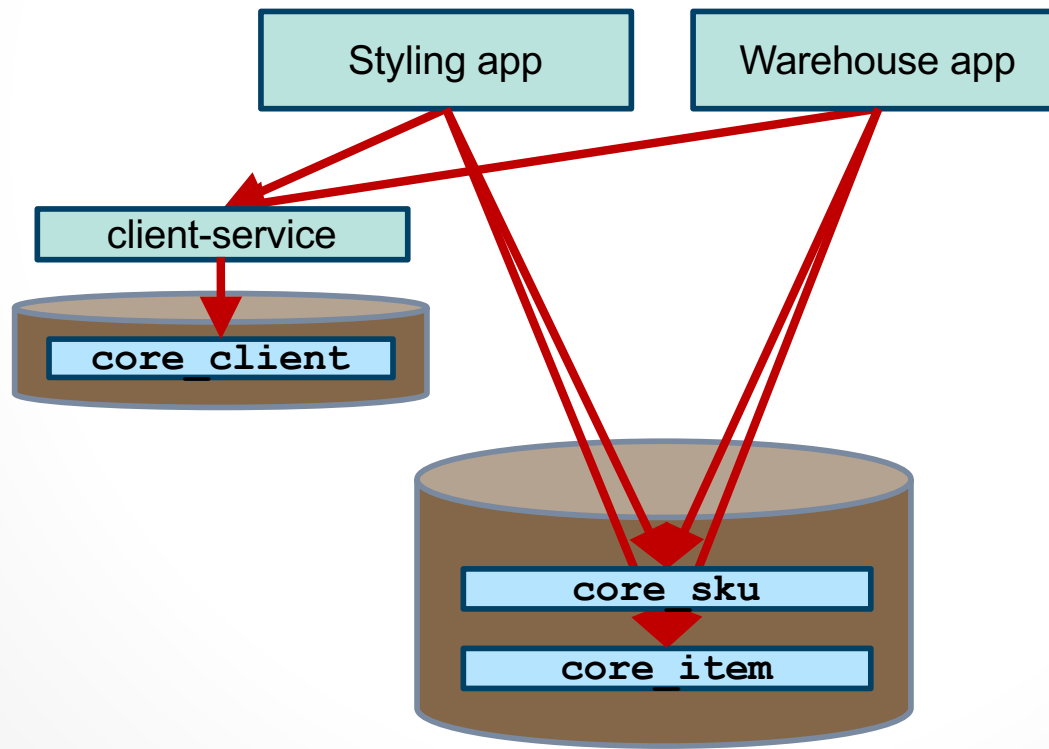
# Extracting Microservices

- Step 2: Applications use the service



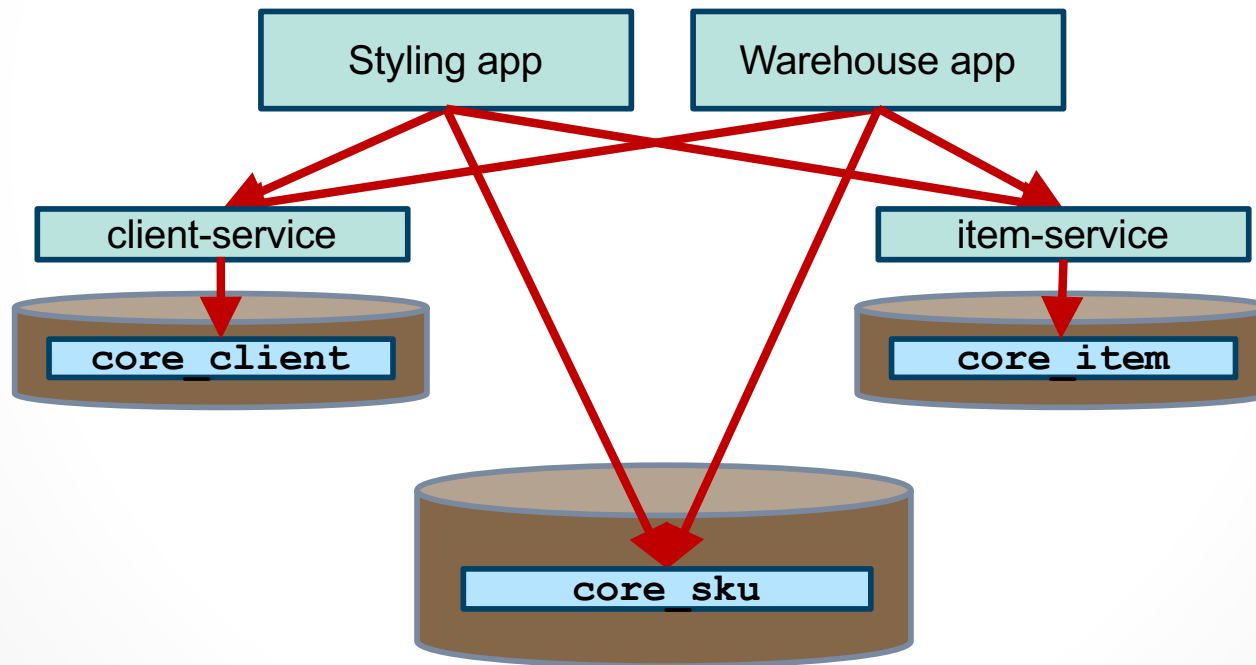
# Extracting Microservices

- Step 3: Move data to private database



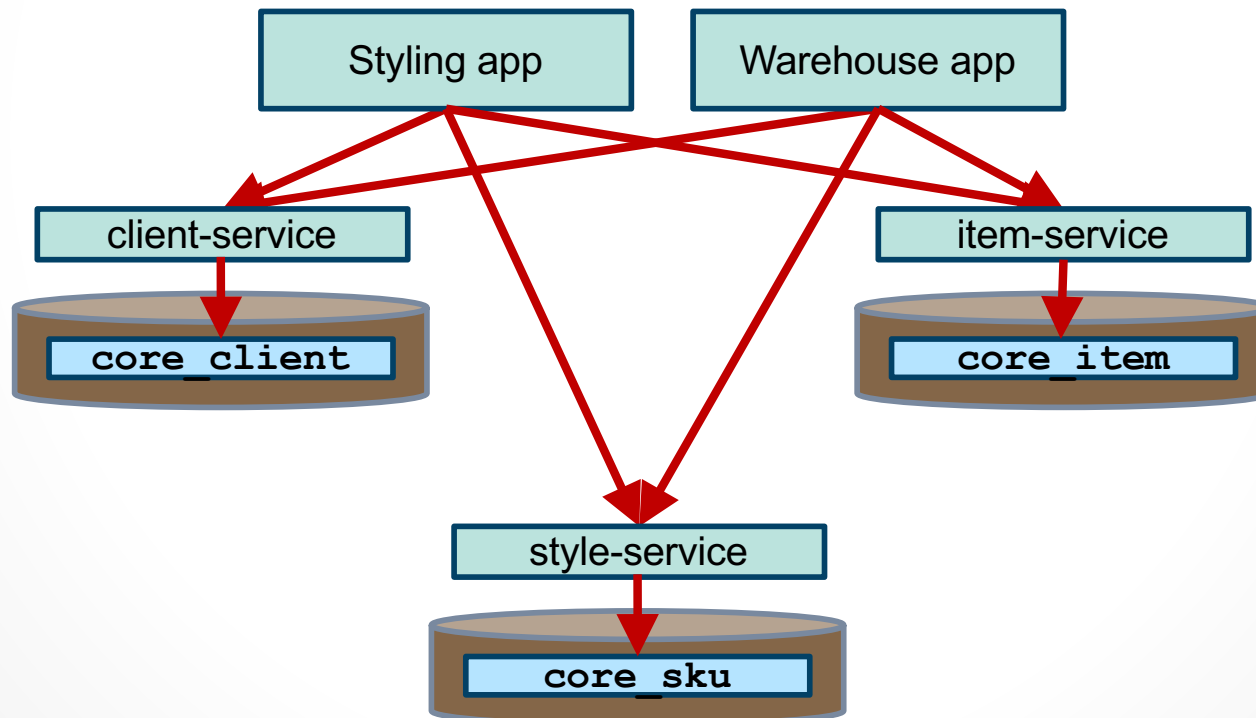
# Extracting Microservices

- Step 4: Rinse and Repeat



# Extracting Microservices

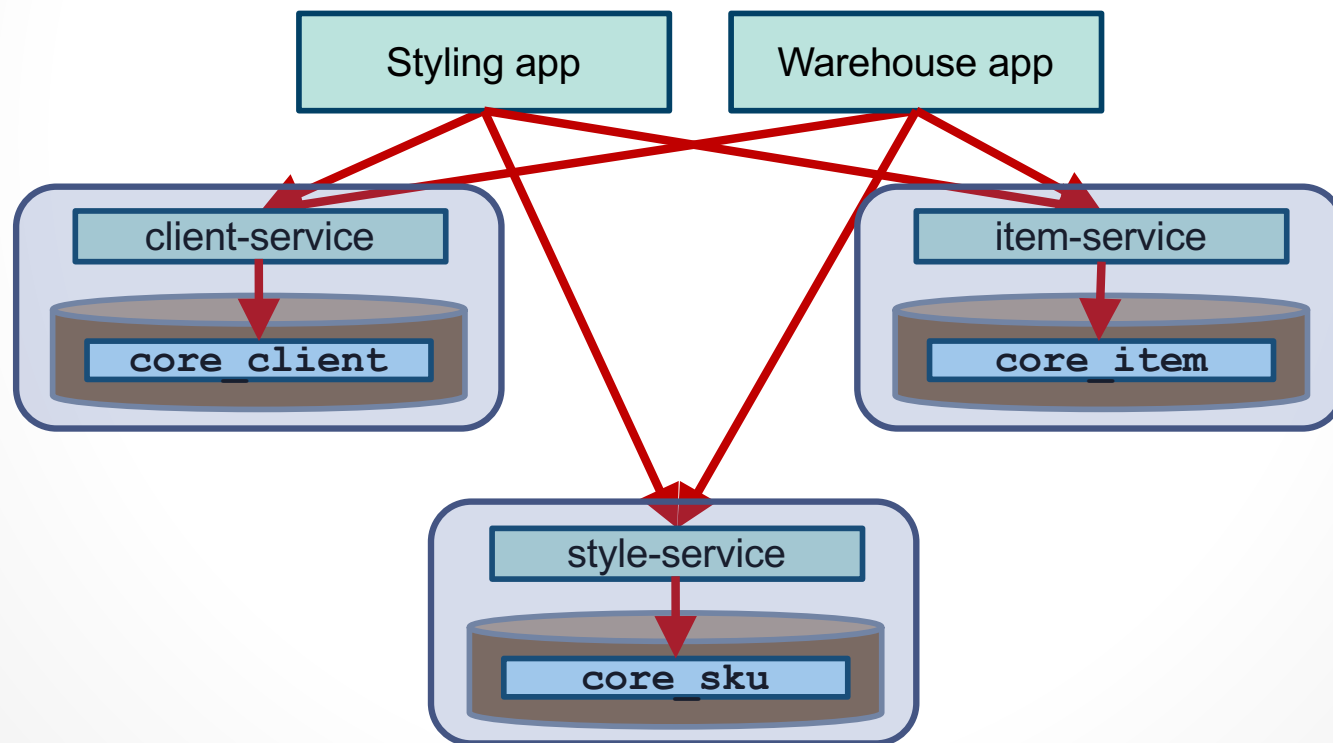
- Step 4: Rinse and Repeat





# Extracting Microservices

- Step 4: Rinse and Repeat

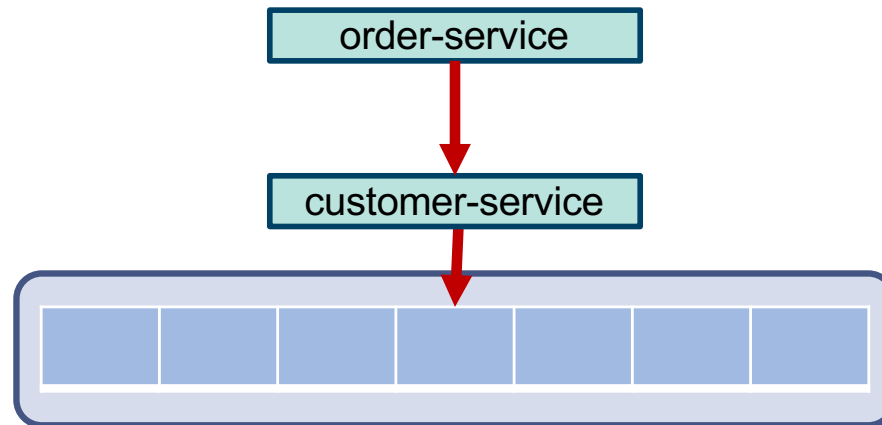


# Microservice Techniques: Shared Data

- Problem
  - Monolithic database makes it easy to leverage shared data
  - Where does shared data go in a microservices world?
- Principle: Single System of Record
  - Every piece of data is owned by a single service
  - That service represents its canonical system of record
  - Every other copy of that data is a read-only, non-authoritative cache

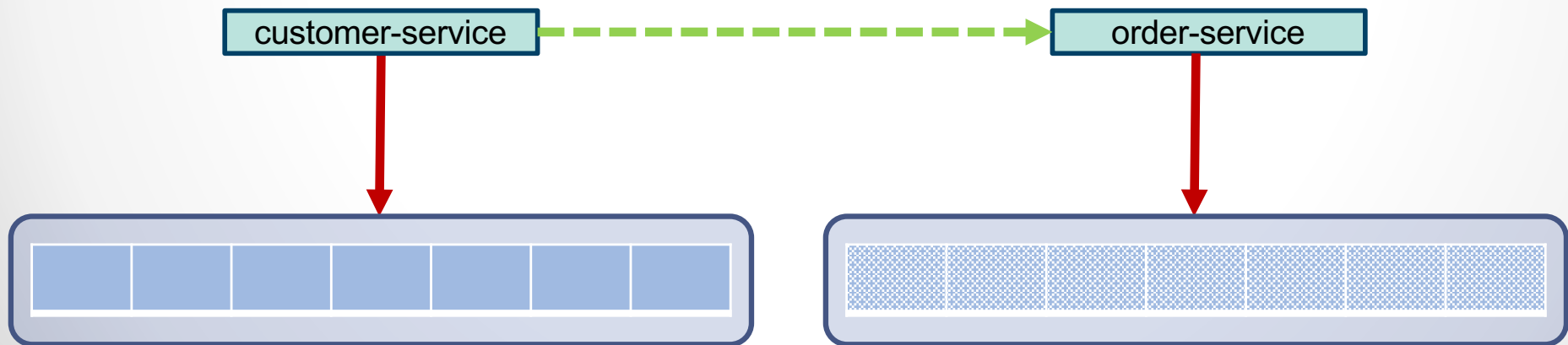
# Microservice Techniques: Shared Data

- Approach 1: Synchronous Lookup
  - Customer service owns customer data
  - Order service calls customer service in real time



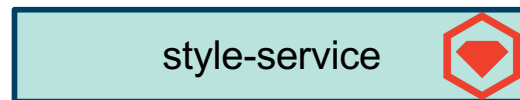
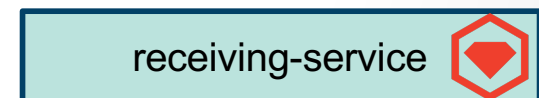
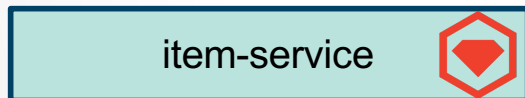
# Microservice Techniques: Shared Data

- Approach 2: Async event + local cache
  - Customer service owns customer data
  - Customer service sends `customer-updated` event when customer changes
  - Order service caches current customer information



# Microservice Techniques: Shared Data

- Approach 3: Shared metadata library
  - Read-only metadata, basically immutable
  - E.g., size schemas, colors, fabrics, US States, etc.



# Events as First-Class Construct

- “A significant change in state”
  - Statement that some interesting thing occurred
  - 0 | 1 | N consumers subscribe to the event, typically asynchronously
- Fourth fundamental building block
  - Presentation → interface / interaction
  - Application → stateless business logic
  - Persistence → database
  - **State changes → events**
- Events represent how the real world works
  - Finance, software development process, any “workflow”



# Microservices and Events

- Events are a first-class part of the interface
- A service interface includes
  - Synchronous request-response (REST, gRPC, etc)
  - Events the service produces
  - Events the service consumes
  - Bulk reads and writes (ETL)
- The interface includes *any mechanism for getting data in or out of the service (!)*



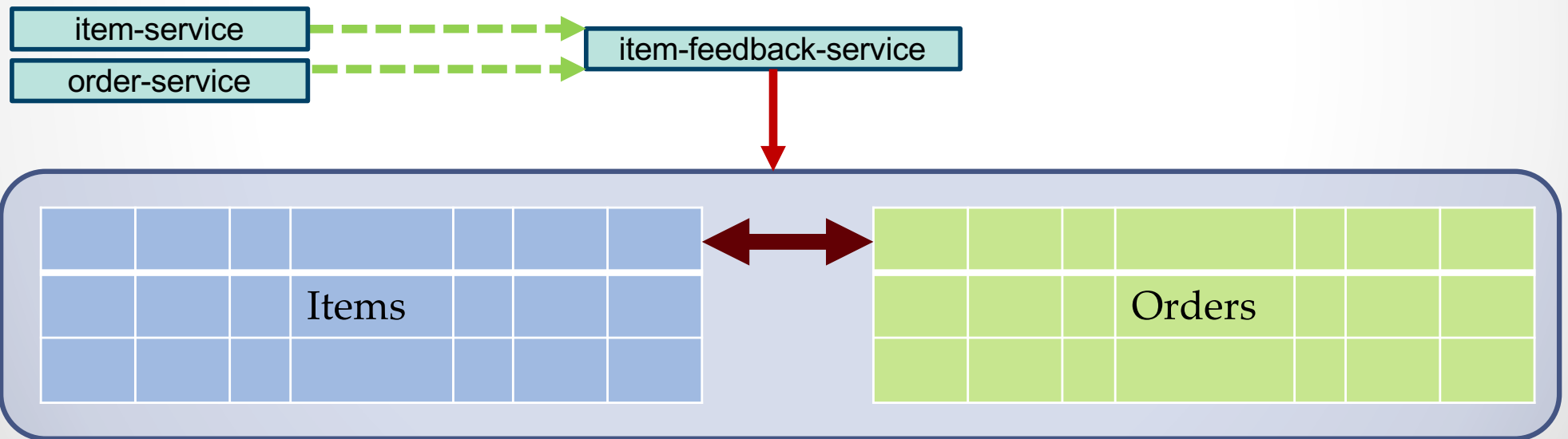
# Microservice Techniques: Joins

- Problem
  - Monolithic database makes joins very easy
  - Splitting the data into separate services makes joins very hard



# Microservice Techniques: Joins

- Approach 1: Service that “Materializes the View”
  - Listen to events from `item-service`, events from `order-service`
  - Maintain denormalized join of items and orders together in local storage



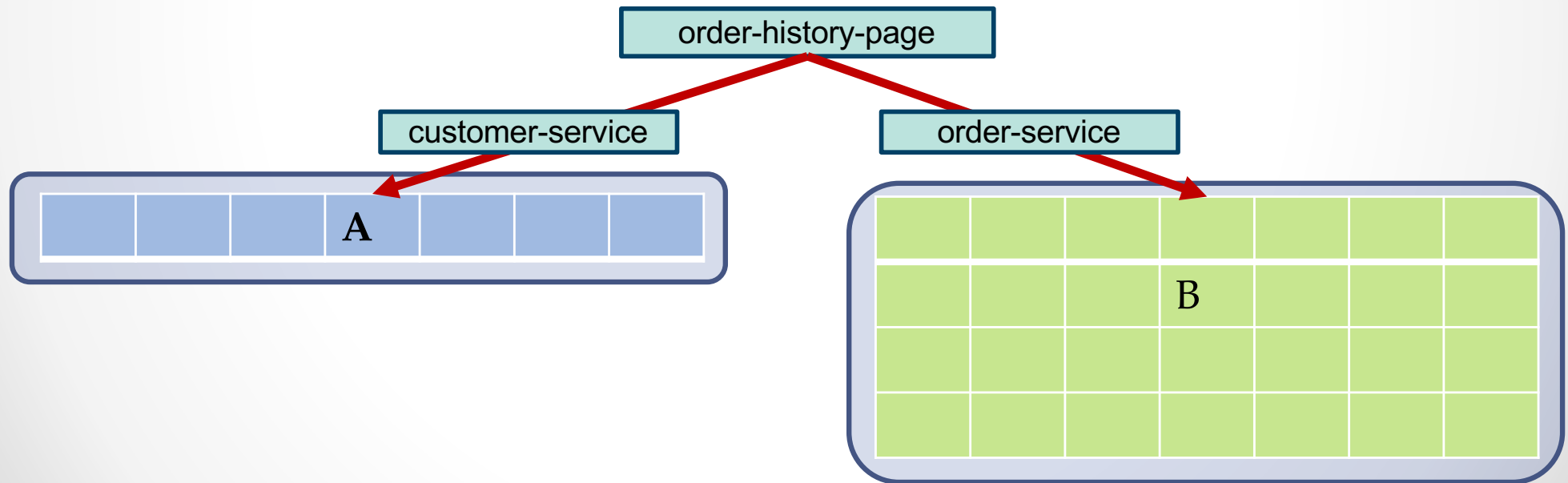
- Best for high cardinality A and high cardinality B (M:N join)

# Microservice Techniques: Joins

- Many common systems do this
  - Most NoSQL approaches
  - “Materialized view” in database systems
  - Search engines
  - Analytic systems
  - Log aggregators

# Microservice Techniques: Joins

- Approach 2: Join in Application / Client
  - Get a single customer from `customer-service`
  - Query matching orders for that customer from `order-service`



- Best for single A, multiple Bs (1:N join)

# Microservice Techniques: Joins

- Many common systems do this
  - Web application “mashup”

# Microservice Techniques: Workflows and Sagas

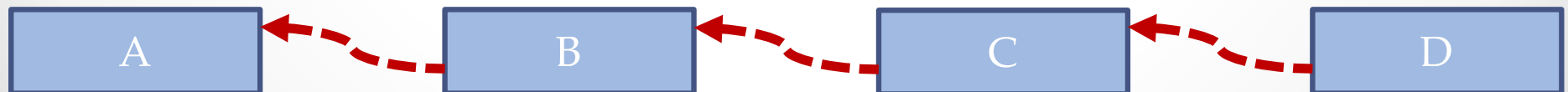
- Problem
  - Monolithic database makes transactions across multiple entities easy
  - Splitting data across services makes transactions very hard

# Microservice Techniques: Workflows and Sagas

- Transaction → Saga
  - Model the transaction as a state machine of atomic events
- Reimplement as a workflow



- Roll back by applying compensating operations in reverse

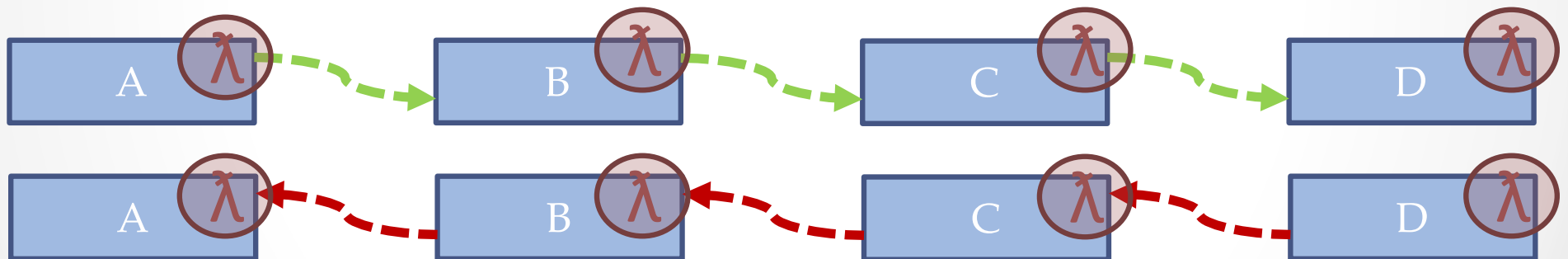


# Microservice Techniques: Workflows and Sagas

- Many common systems do this
  - Payment processing flow
  - Most approval workflows

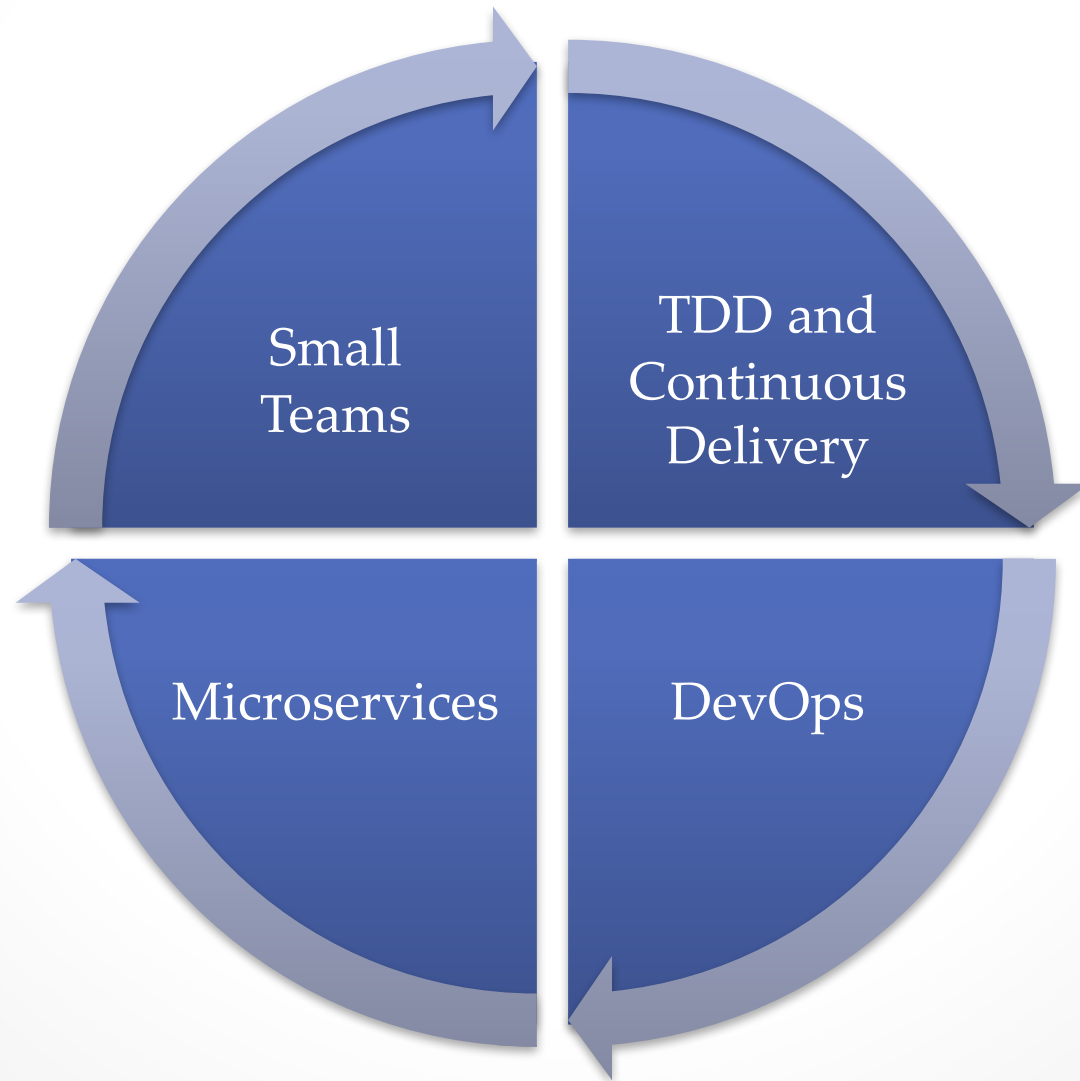
# Microservice Techniques: Workflows and Sagas

- Ideal use for Functions as a Service (“Serverless”)
  - Very lightweight logic
  - Stateless
  - Triggered by an event



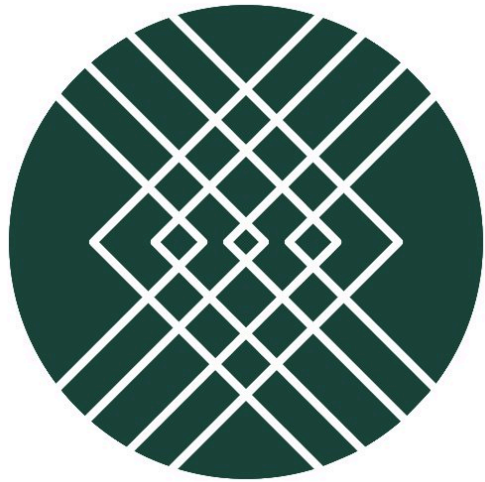


# Modern Software Development



# Thanks!

- Stitch Fix is hiring!
  - [www.stitchfix.com/careers](http://www.stitchfix.com/careers)
  - Application development, Platform engineering, Data Science
  - Based in San Francisco
  - More than half remote, all across US
- Please contact me
  - @randyshoup
  - [linkedin.com/in/randyshoup](https://www.linkedin.com/in/randyshoup)



STITCH FIX

Your partner in personal style